Red Hill Primary School
Spelling Long-Term Plan
2025-2026

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
EYFS	I Is The	Cat, top, bed, ten sock Fat, sock, sad, hug, rock Can, had, run, back, sun Fix, fill, jam, leg, bell, dad, mess, bag, wet, duck Cups, pot, ship Bags, dogs, ring Cats, bags, long Nod, buzz, mum Zip, fish, chick	Rain, wait, the See, feet, put Night, right, pull Coat, boat, full Food, cool, was Look, book, you Dark, park, they Born, for, push Turn, hurt, my Down, now, by Join, boil, all Hear, near, into Chair, fair, are Letter, hammer, sure Bigger, rabbit, pure Hidden, kitten, go	Feel, deep, the Foot, hard, of Sort, took, put Down, join, full Bigger, chair, and Better, buzzer, go Dinner, pattern, no Seven, comic, of Sharp, sheet, to Tooth, chart, into Short, thinker, she Corner, shorter, we River, finger, was Looking, waiting, you Singing, zooming, they Carpark, all Vanish, mammoth, my	Went, help, said, Jump, lift, so Best, soft, have Fact, pond, like Munch, chest, some Smash, crack, love Dress, bring, do Stamp, twist, were Blend, crunch, here String, strong, little Sprint, scrunch, says Forest, printer, there Blanket, children, when Second, freshness, what Lunchbox, one Jumping, snapping, out Helped, cracked, today Hunted, melted, all Softest, strongest, are	Toast, spark, be Growl, bright, there Train, sport, what Green, spoon, when Crown, sleep, pure Street, Screen, sure Stair, clear, little Three, spoilt, here Paints, floats, says Crowds, spears, likes Splashes, dresses, love Perfect, frighten, some Sleeping, painting, come Splashed, croaked, said Floated, painted, have Cleared, groaned, you Brighter, sweeter, are Smartest, clearest, today
Year 1	Common Exception words	Concept: Adding –s and –es to words (plural of nouns and the third	Concept: Adding the endings –ing, –ed and –er to verbs where no change	Concept: Adding –er and –est to adjectives where no change is	Concept: Common exception words	Concept: Adding the prefix –un

		person singular of verbs) Etymology: pre	is needed to the root word Etymology: anti	needed to the root word Etymology: cent	Etymology: multi	Etymology: chron
	Etymology: tri					
Year 2	Concept: Common exception words Y1 revisited and Y2 introduced Etymology: Bi Concept: The /dʒ/ sound spelt –ge and –dge at the end of words Etymology: Oct Concept: The /dʒ/ sound spelt g elsewhere in words before e, i and y and j before a, u and o Etymology: pent	Concept: The /s/ sound spelt c before e, i and y Etymology: hex Concept: The /ʒ/ sound spelt s Etymology: quad Concept: Homophones and near-homophones Etymology: wise	Concept: Common exception words Etymology: quart Concept: The /l/ or /əl/ sound spelt –le at the end of words The /l/ or /əl/ sound spelt –el at the end of words Etymology: ward Concept: The /l/ or /əl/ sound spelt –al at the end of words Words ending –il Etymology: Meter metre	Concept: The /aɪ/ sound spelt –y at the end of words Etymology: fold Concept: Adding –es to nouns and verbs ending in –y Adding –ed, –ing, –er and –est to a root word ending in –y with a consonant before it Etymology: vore Concept: Adding the endings – ing, –ed, –er, –est and –y to words ending in –e with a consonant before it Adding –ing, –ed, –er, –est and –y to words of one syllable ending in a single consonant letter after a single vowel letter Etymology: Semi hemi	Concept: The /ɜː/ sound spelt or after w The /ɔː/ sound spelt ar after w The /ɒ/ sound spelt a after w and qu Etymology: trans Concept: The suffixes –ment, –ness, –ful, –less and –ly Etymology: loc	Concept: Contractions Etymology: dent Concept: Words ending in –tion Etymology: Equi
Year 3	Concept: Common exception words KS1 revisited Etymology: dec	Concept: Homophones and near-homophones Y2 revisited Etymology: de	Concept: Rare GPCs Y2 revisited Etymology: mill/e Concept: Words ending in –tion	Concept: Adding suffixes beginning with vowel letters to words of more	Concept: Prefixes – un– (revisited), dis–, mis–, in–, il–, im–, ir– Etymology: mech	Concept: The suffix –ly Etymology: dict Concept: The /ʌ/ sound spelt ou

Concept: Adding –es to nouns and verbs ending in –y Adding –ed, –ing, –er and –est to a root word ending in –y with a consonant before it Y2 revisited Etymology: tele Concept: Adding the endings –ing, –ed, –er, –est and –y to words ending in –e with a consonant before it and to words of one syllable ending in a single consonant letter after a single vowel letter Y2 revisited Etymology: photo	Concept: The suffixes –ment, –ness, –ful, –less and –ly Y2 revisited Etymology: uni Concept: Contractions Y2 revisited Etymology: kilo	Y2 revisited Etymology: fract Concept: Y3/4 statutory word list Etymology: Peri	than one syllable Etymology: graph Concept: The /ɪ/ sound spelt y elsewhere than at the end of words Etymology: scrib Concept: Homophones Etymology: aqua	Concept: The suffix –ation Etymology: para	Etymology: phon (o)
Year 4	Concept: Homophones revisited Etymology: div Concept: The suffix –ly revisited Etymology: mono Concept: Statutory word list Etymology: poly	Concept: Prefixes –dis–, mis–, in–, il–, im–, ir– revisited re–, sub–, inter–, super–, anti–, auto– Etymology: pro Concept: Adding suffixes revisited Etymology: sign Concept: Statutory word list Etymology: nym	Concept: Words with endings sounding like /ʒə/ or /tʃə/ Etymology: circum Concept: Words with endings sounding like /ʒən/ Etymology: arch Concept: Homophones Etymology: Struct	Concept: Words with endings sounding like /ʃən/, spelt –tion, –sion, –ssion, –cian Etymology: port Concept: The suffix –ous Etymology: vert Concept: Statutory word list Etymology: lat	Concept: Words with the /k/ sound spelt ch Words with the /ʃ/ sound spelt ch Etymology: aero Concept: Words ending with the /g/ sound spelt –gue and the /k/ sound spelt –que Etymology: hydr	Concept: Words with the /s/ sound spelt sc Etymology: aud Concept: Words with the /eɪ/ sound spelt ei, eigh, or ey Etymology: ex

Year 5	Concept: Y3/4 statutory word list revisited Etymology: co con com Concept: Prefixes revisited Etymology: min Concept: Suffixes revisited Etymology: sect	Concept: Homophones revisited Etymology: Var Concept: Words with endings sounding like /ʃən/, spelt –tion, –sion, –ssion, –cian revisited Etymology: mar(ine) Concept: Words with endings sounding like /ʒə/ or /tʃə/ or /ʒən/ revisited Etymology: tract	Concept: Statutory word list Etymology: micro Concept: Words with endings sounding like /ʃəl/ spelt –cial or –tial Etymology: ject Concept: Endings which sound like /ʃəs/ spelt –cious or –tious Etymology: vac	Concept: Statutory word list Etymology: ambi/ amhpi Concept: Homophones Etymology: vis/vid Concept: Words ending in –ant, –ance /–ancy, –ent, –ence /–ency Etymology: sol (alone)	Concept: Statutory word list Etymology: sol/lun Concept: Homophones Etymology: form	Concept: Words ending in –able and –ible Words ending in –ably and –ibly Etymology: term Concept: Homophones Etymology: solv/ solu
Year 6	Concept: Homophones revisited Etymology: bio Concept: Prefixes and suffixes revisited Etymology: scend Concept: Statutory word list Etymology: quin	Concept: Endings which sound like /ʃəs/ spelt –cious or –tious and /ʃəl/ spelt –cial or –tial revisited Etymology: hept/sept Concept: Words ending in –ant, –ance /–ancy, –ent, –ence /–ency revisited Etymology: cred Concept: Words ending in –able and –ible Words ending in –ably and ibly revisited Etymology: grad	Concept: Statutory word list revisited Etymology: spec Concept: Words with the /i:/ sound spelt ei after c Etymology: contra Concept: Homophones revisited Etymology: hem / haem	Concept: Adding suffixes beginning with vowel letters to words ending in –fer Etymology: ann (us) Concept: Words containing the letter-string ough Etymology: iso Concept: Words with 'silent' letters Etymology: cav	Concept: Statutory word list revisited Etymology: dur Concept: Flexible content	Concept: Flexible content